

Cratfield Parish Council

SUBJECT ACCESS REQUEST AND PROCEDURE POLICY

Subject Access Request

1. Upon Receipt of a Subject Access Request (SAR), The Council will:

- 1.1. Verify whether the Council is the controller of the data subject's personal data. If it is not a controller, but merely a processor, the Council will inform the data subject and refer them to the actual controller.
- 1.2. Verify the identity of the data subject; if needed, request any further evidence on the identity of the data subject.
- 1.3. Verify the access request; is it sufficiently substantiated? Is it clear to the data controller what personal data is requested? If not: request additional information.
- 1.4. Verify whether requests are unfounded or excessive (in particular because of their repetitive character); if so, the Council may refuse to act on the request or charge a reasonable fee.
- 1.5. Promptly acknowledge receipt of the SAR and inform the data subject of any costs involved in the processing of the SAR.
- 1.6. Verify whether the Council processes the data requested. If it does not process any data, inform the data subject accordingly. At all times make sure the internal SAR procedure is followed and progress can be monitored.
- 1.7. Ensure data will not be changed as a result of the SAR. Routine changes as part of the processing activities concerned are permitted.
- 1.8. Verify whether the data requested also involves data on other data subjects and make sure this data is filtered before the requested data is supplied to the data subject; if data cannot be filtered, ensure that other data subjects have consented to the supply of their data as part of the SAR.

2. Responding to a SAR

The Council will respond to a SAR within one month after receipt of the request:

- 2.1. If more time is needed to respond to complex requests, an extension of another two months is permissible, provided this is communicated to the data subject in a timely manner within the first month;
- 2.2. If the council cannot provide the information requested, it should inform the data subject of this decision without delay and at the latest within one month of receipt of the request.

3. Electronic Form

If a SAR is submitted in electronic form, any personal data should preferably be provided by electronic means as well.

4. Processed Data Subject

If data on the data subject is processed, make sure to include as a minimum the following information in the SAR response:

- 4.1. the purposes of the processing;
- 4.2. the categories of personal data concerned;
- 4.3. the recipients or categories of recipients to whom personal data has been or will be disclosed, in particular in third countries or international organisations, including any appropriate safeguards for transfer of data, such as Binding Corporate Rules or model clauses under the UK GDPR;
- 4.4. where possible, the envisaged period for which personal data will be stored or, if not possible, the criteria used to determine that period;
- 4.5. the existence of the right to request rectification or erasure of personal data or restriction of processing of personal data concerning the data subject or to object to such processing;

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- 4.6. the right to lodge a complaint with the Information Commissioners Office (“ICO”);
- 4.7. if the data has not been collected from the data subject: the source of such data;
- 4.8. the existence of any automated decision-making, including profiling and any meaningful information about the logic involved, as well as the significance and the envisaged consequences of such processing for the data subject.

5. Personal Data Undergoing Processing

The Council will provide a copy of the personal data undergoing processing.

Subject Access Request Procedure

1. Subject Access Requests (‘SAR’) Basic Requirements

- 1.1. Inform data subjects of their right to access data and provide an easily accessible mechanism through which such a request can be submitted.
- 1.2. Make sure a SAR policy is in place within the Council and that internal procedures on handling of SARs are accurate and complied with and include, among other elements, provisions on:
 - 1.2.1. Responsibilities (who, what)
 - 1.2.2. Timing
 - 1.2.3. Changes to data
 - 1.2.4. Handling requests for rectification, erasure or restriction of processing
- 1.3. Ensure personal data is easily accessible at all times in order to ensure a timely response to SARs and that personal data on specific data subjects can be easily filtered.
- 1.4. Where possible, implement standards to respond to SARs, including a standard response.

2. Subject Access Requests Procedure for the Council

What must the Council do?

- 2.1. MUST: On receipt of a subject access request, the Clerk will inform the Chair &/or Vice-Chair of its receipt.
- 2.2. MUST: The Clerk in conjunction with the Chair must correctly identify whether a request has been made under the Data Protection legislation.
- 2.3. MUST: The Clerk, and as appropriate, Chair &/or Vice-Chair, who receives a request to locate and supply personal data relating to a SAR must make a full exhaustive search of the records to which they have access.
- 2.4. MUST: All the personal data that has been requested must be provided unless an exemption can be applied.
- 2.5. MUST: The Council must respond within one calendar month after accepting the request as valid.
- 2.6. MUST: Subject Access Requests must be undertaken free of charge to the requestor unless the legislation permits reasonable fees to be charged.
- 2.7. MUST: Councillors must ensure that the staff they manage are aware of and follow this guidance.
- 2.8. MUST: Where a requestor is not satisfied with a response to a SAR, the Council must manage this as a complaint.

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3. How Must this be Undertaken?

- 3.1. Notify the Chair &/or Vice Chair upon receipt of a request.
- 3.2. The Council must ensure a request has been received in writing where a data subject is asking for sufficiently well-defined personal data held by the Council relating to the data subject. The Council should clarify with the requestor what personal data they need. They must supply their address and valid evidence to prove their identity.
- 3.3. The Council accepts the following forms of identification (* These documents must be dated in the past 12 months, +These documents must be dated in the past 3 months):
 - 3.1.1. Current UK/EEA Passport
 - 3.1.2. UK Photocard Driving Licence (Full or Provisional)
 - 3.1.3. Full UK Paper Driving Licence
 - 3.1.4. Utility bill for supply of gas, electric, water or telephone landline+
 - 3.1.5. Most recent Council Tax Bill/Demand or Statement*
- 3.4. Depending on the degree to which personal data is organised and structured, you will need to search emails (including archived emails and those that have been deleted but are still recoverable), Word documents, spreadsheets, databases, systems, removable media (for example, memory sticks, floppy disks, CDs), tape recordings, paper records in relevant filing systems etc., which your area is responsible for or owns.
- 3.5. The Council must not withhold personal data because it believes it will be misunderstood; instead, The Council should provide an explanation with the personal data. The Council must provide the personal data in an 'intelligible form', which includes giving an explanation of any codes, acronyms and complex terms. The personal data must be supplied in a permanent form except where the person agrees or where it is impossible or would involve undue effort. The Council may be able to agree with the requester that they will view the personal data on screen or inspect files on our premises. The Council must redact any exempt personal data from the released documents and explain why that personal data is being withheld.
- 3.6. Make this clear on forms and on the Council website.
- 3.7. The Council will maintain a database allowing the Council to report on the volume of requests and compliance against the statutory timescale.
- 3.8. When responding to a complaint, The Council must advise the requestor that they may complain to the Information Commissioners Office ('ICO') if they remain unhappy with the outcome.

4. Response to SAR – Letters and Emails

- 4.1. All letters and Emails must include the following information:
- 4.2. the purposes of the processing;
- 4.3. the categories of personal data concerned;
- 4.4. the recipients or categories of recipients to whom personal data has been or will be disclosed, in particular in third countries or international organisations, including any appropriate safeguards for transfer of data, such as Binding Corporate Rules or EU model clauses;
- 4.5. where possible, the envisaged period for which personal data will be stored, or, if not possible, the criteria used to determine that period;
- 4.6. the existence of the right to request rectification or erasure of personal data or restriction of processing of personal data concerning the data subject or to object to such processing;
- 4.7. the right to lodge a complaint with the Information Commissioners Office ('ICO');
- 4.8. if the data has not been collected from the data subject: the source of such data;
- 4.9. the existence of any automated decision-making, including profiling and any meaningful information about the logic involved, as well as the significance and the envisaged consequences of such processing for the data subject.